

# Your **EAP** Newsletter!

August 2019

## Can You Detach on Vacation?



**Do** you sufficiently detach from work while on vacation? Many employees don't maximize the health benefits of a vacation because of a gripping need to stay plugged in despite no serious need for it. Using self-awareness and self-monitoring, resist the desire to stay on the laptop while others head for the luau. Consider that your employer will benefit more from your refreshed spirit and renewed energy upon your return to work. For some, detachment can be a serious challenge and feel awkward. However, in your quest for achievements, consider work-life balance one of the most important. The rewards are more quality time with loved ones, reduced risk of burnout, and experiencing the surge of creativity that follows a deserved rest.

## Don't Discourage Mental Health Counseling



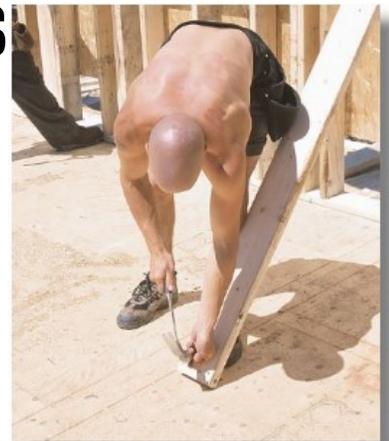
**H**ow would you react to your loved one desiring mental health counseling? Would you think for a moment his or her getting help reflects negatively on you? Your opinion may weigh heavily, and lack of support could postpone getting help for years. When a loved one asks for help, play a supportive role, be empathetic, and seek guidance from your EAP. Remember that the stigma of seeking mental health counseling is a strong force to overcome, so you can assume your loved one's need is greater than you may perceive.

## Pitfalls of Passive Parenting



**If** your parenting style is too passive, you probably know it and worry about it. Fear of a child's reaction and catering to demands can fuel defiant behavior. Help is available. Get an assessment from your EAP, and grab this new book, "Discipline with Love and Limits: Practical Solutions to Over 100 Common Childhood Behavior Problems." (July 2019) You can start now to help your child practice self-control, cope with sadness, postpone gratification, and gain critical life skills they need—but don't wait.

## Heat Stress on the Job



**T**he Occupational Safety and Health Administration has no regulations governing labor in the hot sun, but there are guidelines. Heat exposure can lead to fatigue that increases accidents, so be sure to hydrate. OSHA recommends "eight ounces of water every 15 to 20 minutes if you are engaging in moderate work activities for less than two hours. ... Drink sports beverages containing electrolytes if you're sweating for several hours." Reduce job strain by using the right tools and getting help carrying heavy items. Look out for each other as coworkers, and know the warning signs of heat-related illness—heavy sweating, dizziness, feeling faint when attempting to stand—and how to treat them.

Learn more at [www.osha.gov](http://www.osha.gov) [search "heat"].

# Therapist or Life Coach?

**A** psychotherapist and a life coach are different professionals. Which one could best help you with the changes you'd like to make in your life? A psychotherapist helps you gain insight by examining your current and past patterns of behavior and look closely at times when you've struggled, been hurt, or been in some sort of pain. You will usually process emotions to help you overcome blocks that prevent moving forward and resolving problems you face in the present. The idea is to help you see today's problems more realistically and practice new behaviors so you are released from your former way of doing things in order to become a happier person. A life coach helps you examine where you are now, the results you have produced in your life so far, and how you can get to a new place in your life that is fulfilling and exciting. The emphasis is on change, getting clarity about what you want, finding action steps, developing timelines, and identifying goals. A life coach helps you find the life you truly want to live. Still unsure? Talk to your EAP to learn more about these two helping roles. The EAP will help you discover, choose, and head in the direction of change you want.



# Reducing Mental Health Problems in College

**O**ne in four college students will experience a mental health disorder at some point when faced with the stress of academic and social challenges. The key challenges for college students are health problems, financial stress, relationship issues, and academic pressures. More than 50% of students will struggle with three or more of these stressors at the same time. Talk with your student about mental health and how it is not uncommon to experience emotional stress at school. Communicate regularly—keep an open channel. You will spot issues and problems sooner and be a more effective helper. Show you can listen to your student's concerns without being judgmental. Be aware of college counseling resources so you can recommend them. If you are a college student with a history of mental health struggles, avoid drug use and have a personal support plan if the going gets tough.



Source: [www.brightmandwomens.org](http://www.brightmandwomens.org) [Search "college student mental health"]

## THRIVING AFTER THE JULY 2019 FLOODS

Natural disasters can have both physical and emotional consequences. If you're feeling anxious, or having difficulty coping after the floods contact the EAP for assistance.

**YOUR! EAP NEWSLETTER** is published monthly by the Arlington Employee Assistance Program (AEAP). It is intended for general information purposes only. For help with personal or professional concerns, contact the Employee Assistance Professional staff.

The EAP operates under provisions of Federal confidentiality laws and EAPA Core Technology. The EAP office is located in Clarendon: 2847 Wilson Blvd, Arlington, VA 22201. To speak with someone, please call the main number **(703-228-8720)** during business hours (8:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m.)

### EAP Professional Staff

Tara Wooldridge, LCSW, CEAP, SPHR - Director	703-228-8721
Kathy Young, LCSW-C, CEAP	703-228-8727
Bobbie Jaeger Agee, LCSW, CSAC, CEAP	703-228-8729
Richard A. Villa, LPC, MAC	703-228-8725

### EAP Support Staff

Unika Dabney	703-228-8724
Ashim Barua	703-228-8728

Visit the EAP website for information and resources:

<https://eap.apsva.us>

[Introducing Meditation and Guided Imagery: EAP Meditations](#)

# Buffering Effects of Cyberbullying

**C**yberbullying has been blamed for depression, anxiety, suicidal thinking, and tragically, suicide itself among youth. The social platform most commonly associated with cyberbullying is Instagram. Research shows that the more socially connected young teens are to their parents and the more they engage in school/community events, the more resilient and resistant to the effects of cyberbullying they are. Social connectedness was shown to provide a "buffering" effect among 200 youth considered at risk for bullying. Young teens least likely to be resistant to the emotional anguish of bullying were those teens whose primary strong connections are only with peers or friends. The recommendations: Place high value on developing close relationships with young teens. Reduce screen time, and keep them engaged in school-based/community activities.



<https://www.usc.edu.au> [Search: "cyberbullying connectedness"]